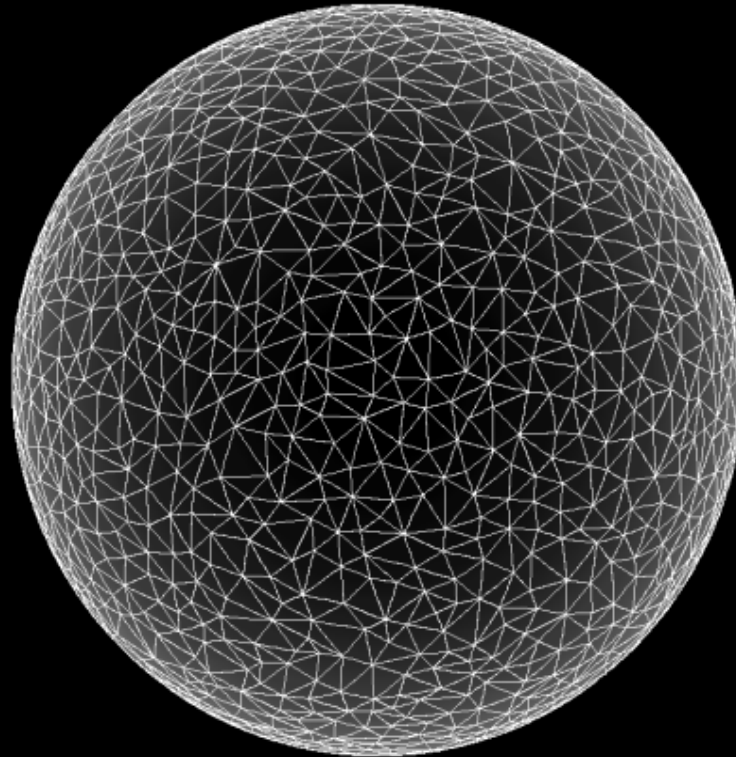


Graph coloring with geometric flavor



Jarek Grytczuk

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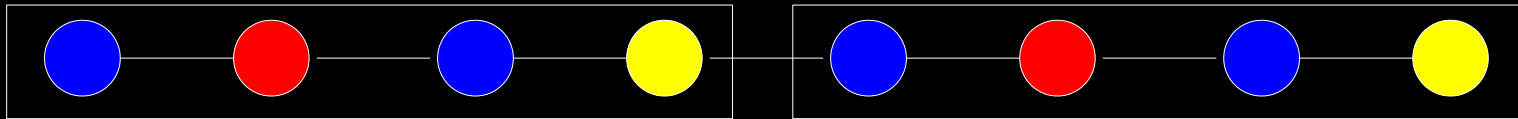
Nonrepetitive coloring of graphs

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Definition: A colored path P is called *repetitive* if the sequence of colors on the first half of P is the same as on the second half of P .

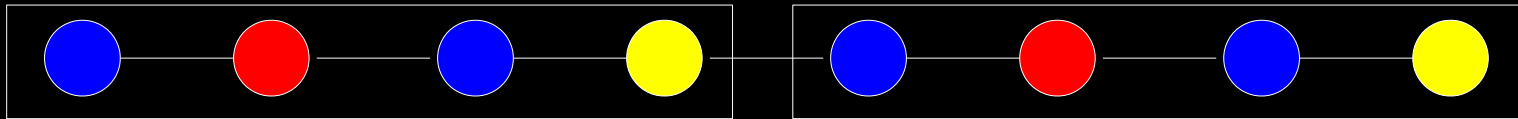
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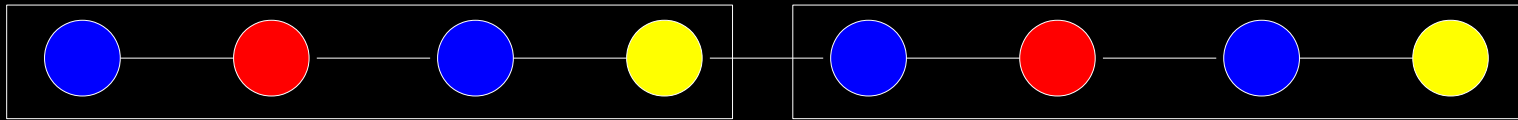
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Notation: $\pi(G)$ = the least number of colors in a nonrepetitive coloring of G .

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Dujmović, Joret, Kozik, Wood (2013): Graphs of pathwidth at most k satisfy

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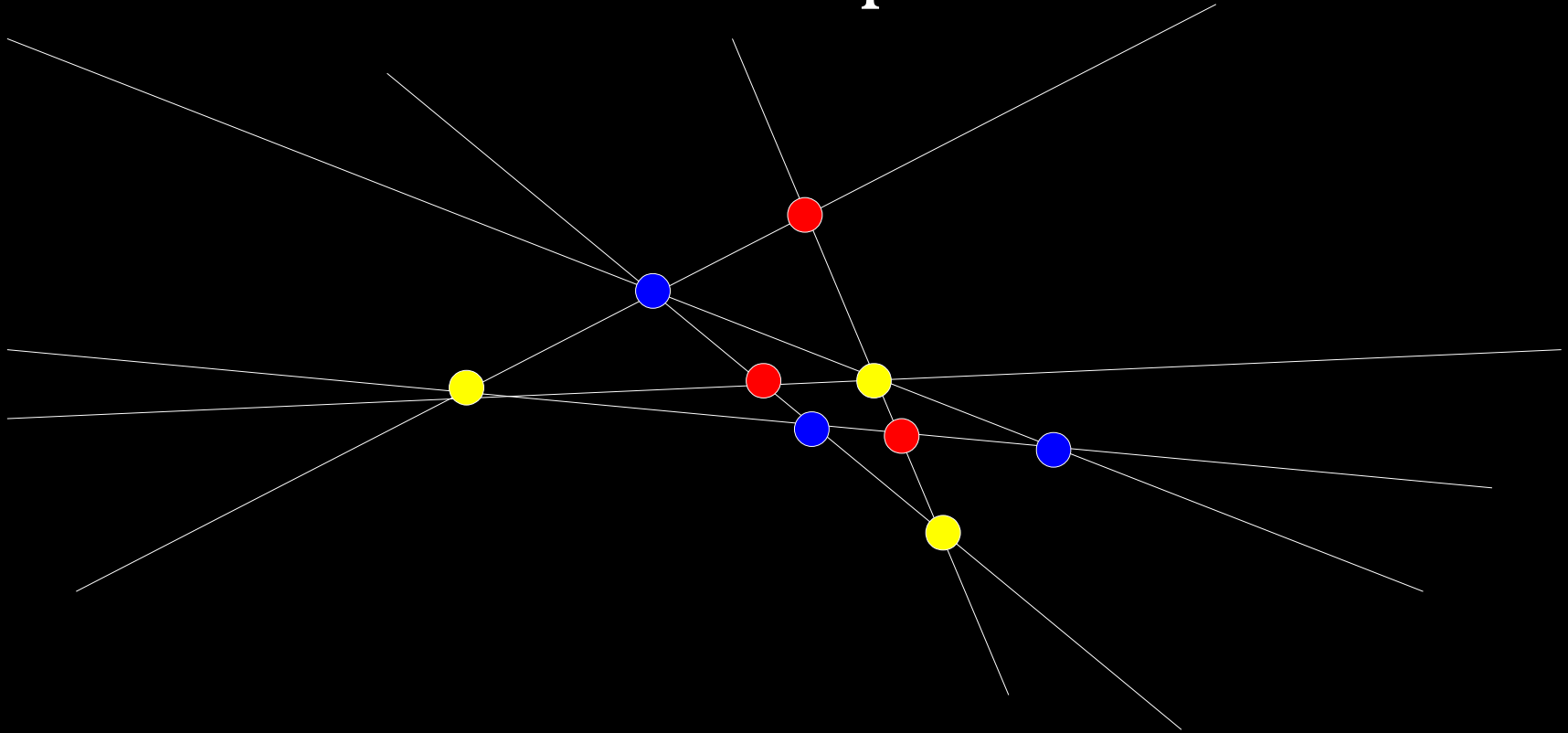
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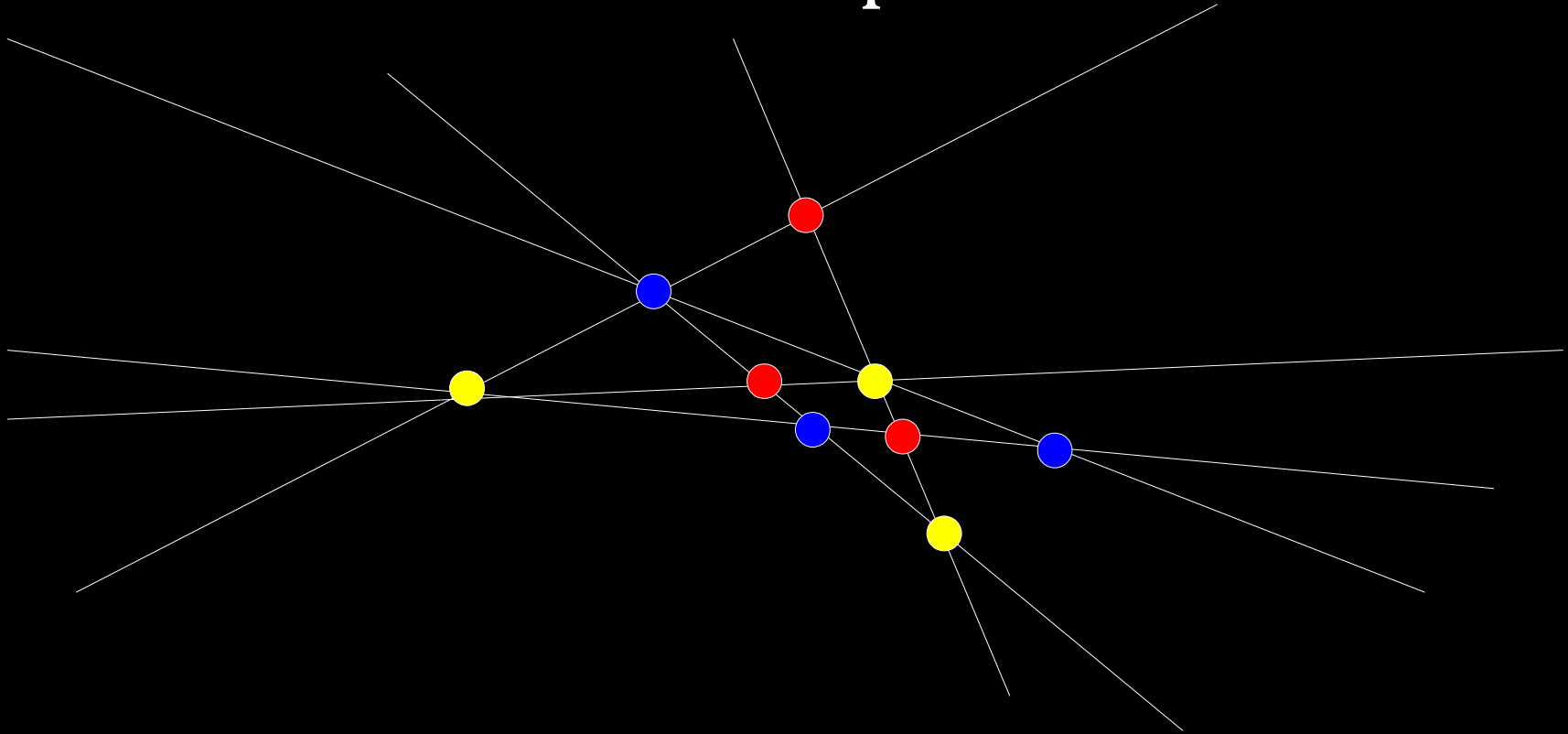
Conjecture: Every planar graph has a 4-coloring with no 10^{49} -repetitive paths.

Lines on the plane

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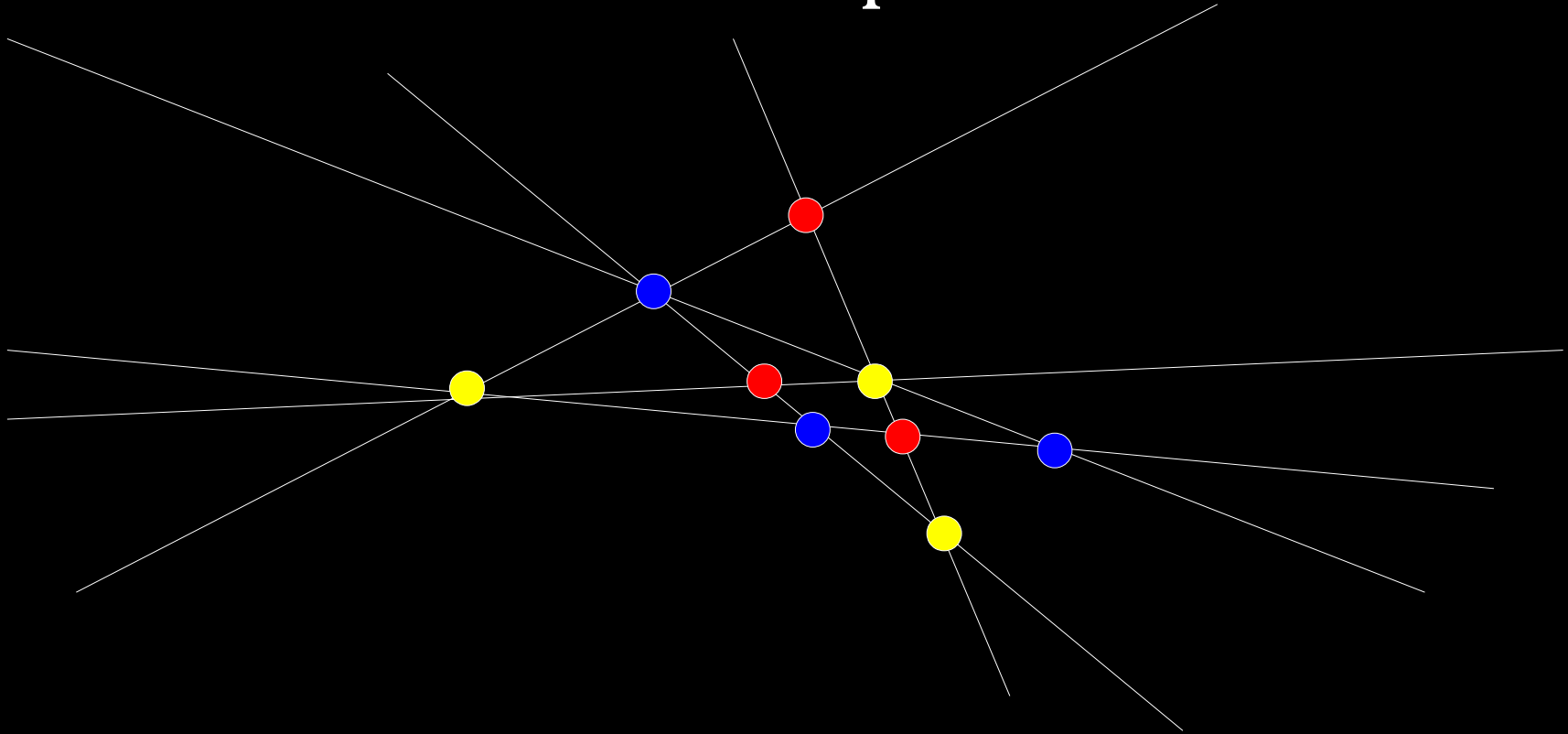


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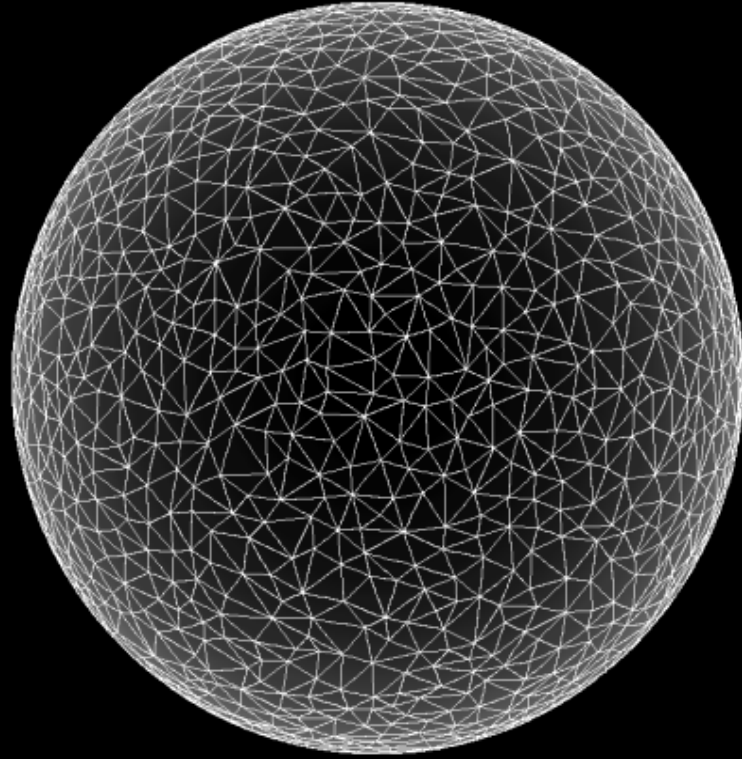
Conjecture: Every line arrangement has a 49-coloring with no repetitive line segment.

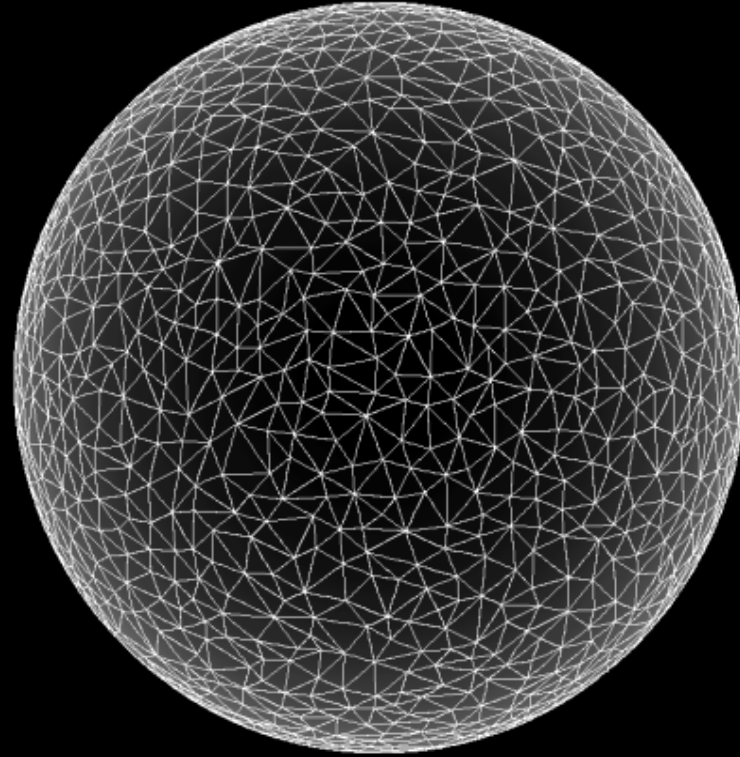
Lines on the plane



Conjecture: Every line arrangement has a 49-coloring with no repetitive line segment.

Grytczuk, Zmarz (2014): Every line arrangement has a nonrepetitive coloring using 405 colors.





Thank You!